

THE TIMES' CIRCULATION.

INCREASED MORE THAN 70 PER CENT. IN 27 MONTHS.

362,035 Copies in November.

Sworn Circulation of the Times at Various Periods Since August, 1890.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, J. S. CROFT, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, J. S. CROFT, President and General Manager of the Times-Mirror Company, and George W. Crawford, foreman of the pressroom of the Los Angeles Times, who, being both duly sworn, depose and say that the daily editions and yearbook of the Times for the month of November 1892, for the months given below were as follows:

For August, 1890.....	6,713 copies
For September, 1890.....	6,857
For October, 1890.....	6,938
For November, 1890.....	7,019
For December, 1890.....	7,100
For January, 1891.....	7,181
For February, 1891.....	7,262
For March, 1891.....	7,343
For April, 1891.....	7,424
For May, 1891.....	7,505
For June, 1891.....	7,586
For July, 1891.....	7,667
For August, 1891.....	7,748
For September, 1891.....	7,829
For October, 1891.....	7,910
For November, 1891.....	7,991
For December, 1891.....	8,072
For January, 1892.....	8,153
For February, 1892.....	8,234
For March, 1892.....	8,315
For April, 1892.....	8,396
For May, 1892.....	8,477
For June, 1892.....	8,558
For July, 1892.....	8,639
For August, 1892.....	8,720
For September, 1892.....	8,801
For October, 1892.....	8,882
For November, 1892.....	8,963

(Signed) H. E. OTIS, J. S. CROFT, G. W. CRAWFORD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of November, 1892.

(Seal) Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County, California.

The circulation exhibit in detail for November is as follows:

For the week ended November 7, 83,250

For the week ended November 14, 83,250

For the week ended November 21, 83,250

For the week ended November 28, 83,250

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
PUBLISHERS OF THE
Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.
H. C. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER, Vice-President. MARIAN OTIS, Secretary.
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Office: Times Building.
Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 29.
N. E. corner of First and Broadway.

The Los Angeles Times

FOUNDED DECEMBER 4, 1881.
VOLUME XXII. ELEVENTH YEAR. NUMBER 182.
TERMS: By Mail, \$3 a year; by carrier 35 cents a month, or 30 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; 6 months, 75 cents.

Guaranteed Daily Circulation in November, 11,951 Copies.
Exceeding the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

The Times is for sale at the Occidental Hotel news stand, San Francisco, price 5 cents per copy.

The news from Brussels gives the white metal a very pallid look.

"BOOT HILL" is the name of a town in Texas—it is also the way Grover feels like doing to David B. at times.

It is very difficult to keep from writing jocular editorials about the rain, but we couldn't stop it, probably, if we did.

There were 8500 churches built in America last year, but you wouldn't think it from reading in the newspapers about the way people are acting in this country.

The important information is fired at us over the storm-battered wires that Jay Gould's liver is once more performing its functions—in other words, that it is no longer on a strike. This is highly important—for Jay.

The Nicaragua Canal Convention at New Orleans did its work quickly and well. The report of Mr. Estee presented the situation with clearness, and its prompt adoption was to be expected in a convention of representative men, anxious to further a great national enterprise.

The tourists are breaking across the mountains in herds, droves, beives, swarms, carloads. The seductive southland wows them with its winter smiles, and nothing but a panic in the money market can keep them beyond our borders. Welcome, grocer tenderfoot, come in and thaw out.

The Nicaragua Canal scheme is having its innings at New Orleans. With the Panama affair starting our American enterprise in the face as an awful example, there should be no difficulty experienced in doing the right thing in the right way at the right time. Now, let the digging proceed.

Russia has 185,000,000 pounds of wheat and 84,000,000 pounds of rye for export, but still the United States is being called upon to feed the starving poor of that great empire. This is not the correct thing, and somebody who has not the fear of Siberia before his eyes ought to tell the czar so.

The newspapers of the country are poking Gen. Dyrenforth in the ribs about that rain business down in Texas. In fact, they are jumping on him almost as hard as if he had promised to down a robber tariff and then shown by his actions that he had no intention of doing anything of the kind. The General and the Prophet appear to be suffering much in common. It is a hard world.

The city of Lowell, Mass., has just completed the construction of the Engle garbage crematory for the burning of the city refuse. The chamber is 32 feet long by 9½ feet wide, and the crematory is the first of its kind built in New England. There is no offensive odor to it while the garbage is being consumed and after it has passed through the first furnace, that portion which is left goes to a secondary furnace where it is completely destroyed. By this system, known as the Freyers, after its inventor, the cost of destroying the garbage is from 8 to 18 cents per cubic yard.

MR. CLEVELAND at times gets all belled up in his metaphors. For instance, when he says that "the South is at once the cradle and the guardian of civil liberty," he ought to forward a map with it. When a thing is both a "cradle" and a "guardian" at the same time it is a little too much, and if the South is really any such thing as that, there seems to be no reason why it should also be solid. Before we get along any further, this thing should be straightened out, and we call upon Grover to do right by us. He has been elected by the people of this country to a very high office for the second time, and to take advantage of his position in this way is, to say the least, utterly different and otherwise. What have the people who voted for the gentleman from Buzzard's Bay to say for him?

The comet came, brought along its own orbit as it had a perfect right to, then lit out to set other worlds guessing as to whence it cometh and whither it goeth. It sowed a few feathers from its fiery tail through our atmosphere, set the astronomers to looking with renewed zeal and has made a fruitful subject for the paragraphs of this great and glorious country. Whether the comet belonged to Mr. Biela, Mr. Holmes or some unidentified person, we do not know, and care less; it is enough for us to be satisfied that it has gone off about its business and not knocked this poor old world of ours—but the best one we have any real sure thing on—into smithereens. The next fiery thing to go careering through space is that other meteoric body, Grover Cleveland, who will proceed to rip up the tariff, unless the political astronomers have lied to us. We predict, however, that there will be the swish of a tail, so to speak, a few sparks, a whole lot of talk and speculation about dire results, then the world will go wagging along just as of yore—the Republican policy of protection. They don't!

A Halt Called.
In another column we print a clear and plain-spoken letter from Engineer Brooks on the subject of the projected outfall sewer and its inverted-siphon attachment, as planned by City Engineer Dockweiler.

Mr. Brooks defends himself very effectively from the assaults made upon him by the City Engineer and his partisans, who have sought to convict the Insular officer of inconsistencies and contradictions. They affect to believe that the testimony of Brooks in the City of Los Angeles vs. Freeman cannot be reconciled with his later published utterances touching the feasibility of using siphons; but Mr. Brooks (whose testimony in that case is reproduced) shows in his letter that he gave his expert opinion on quite a different plan of operations and quite another state of things than those which are embodied in that portion of the sewer work now in question.

The Council will be formally asked at its next meeting to suspend action in regard to the outfall sewer, so far as the inverted-siphon feature is concerned, and to institute a needed inquiry into the plans of the City Engineer. Following is a paper, partially signed, which will be presented for the Council's consideration:

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) Nov. 28, 1892.
To the honorable the Council of the City of Los Angeles—GENTLEMEN: Several communications have appeared in the daily papers of this city in which it is stated that the plans prepared by the City Engineer for the proposed outfall sewer are radically defective, and that the inverted siphon contemplated by said plans will, if constructed, not only make the entire sewer a failure, but prove in itself a source of great danger to the public health of this city.

In view of the gravity of these charges we respectfully ask of your honorable body that you thoroughly investigate the same, and obtain the opinions of competent experts, and that pending such inquiry you suspend action upon bids for construction of said sewer now before you.

J. P. WIDNEY,
J. BROUSSEAU,
J. M. ELLIOTT,
A. M. HORTON,
C. B. TOWHEAD,
J. R. TUBERMAN,
DANIEL GRIDLEY,
F. C. HOWES,
GEORGE H. BOSEBRANE,
R. C. LUTY,
R. M. WIDNEY,
M. G. McKOON.

THE TIMES has information to the effect that if an attempt should be made to incorporate the proposed inverted-siphon feature upon the outfall sewer, anywhere in the vicinity of the race track, an injunction will be immediately sued out by interested citizens, stopping the work on the ground of nuisance. Such an injunction would doubtless "stick." Meantime, in order to avert the repetition of a state of things which promises to be dangerous and costly, we suggest to voters, without respect of party, to vote against the continuance in office of a City Engineer who goes rainbow-chasing after such prosaic, not to say malodorous, objects as inverted siphons and things.

Let us rise up in our might, go to the polls next Monday, elect E. T. Wright City Engineer, and have a new deal in sewers.

The Municipal Policy Involved.

Citizens of Los Angeles should remember that when they deposit their ballots next Monday they will be voting, not solely for a choice between certain men, but they will give their franchise to sustain one of two different policies in municipal government. Which of these policies is the better? That ought to be a determining question, all other things being equal or nearly so. Is Los Angeles to continue in the active, progressive line which it has taken in public affairs, with an honest, well-administered police department, the regulation of the liquor traffic, the pushing of improvements, maintaining the public schools and the library at a high standard of efficiency, beautifying the parks, building the outfall sewer in a proper way and inaugurating the system of waterworks with first-class engineering ability, or is it going to drop back a notch or two and put its affairs again into the hands of the Democrats, who for many years managed them so badly?

The policy of the Republican party in this municipal campaign is accurately outlined in its platform adopted by the city convention. As it was formulated at a time when there were diverting excitements, such as the water-bomb fight and the approaching general election, some of our readers may not have noted its declarations as accurately as they are prepared to do now. We, therefore, think it a good plan to reproduce the platform now. It is as follows:

We, the representatives of the Republican party of the city of Los Angeles, in convention assembled, reaffirm our adherence to Republican principles as expressed in the national, State and county platforms.

We are in favor of the great policy of protection to home industries and reciprocity for the extension of our trade abroad; in favor of sound money and wise and economical government.

That the Republican party, from its inception, has been the champion of free labor and the protector of the rights of workingmen; that its entire policy now centers around the maintenance of good wages for the American laboring classes.

We believe that steps should be taken

to adjust by official arbitration all differences between labor and capital.

We favor the eight-hour law and insist that it be enforced on all public works.

We favor the establishment and maintenance of a free labor bureau by the municipal and county governments.

We favor the employment by the city government of practical men for the heads of departments, such as Building Inspector, Plumbing Inspector, Superintendent of Streets and all deputies in city offices.

Resolved, that we favor the ownership and operation by the city of Los Angeles of its own system of water supply to cover the entire city, and that we recommend the issue of bonds to be voted upon tomorrow as an indispensable step in that direction.

Resolved, that if the work of this convention be not completed at the hour of adjournment this evening, the convention shall then adjourn until 7:30 p.m. of Wednesday, so that every member of this convention and every candidate before it may have an opportunity to work at tomorrow's election.

Resolved, that we recognize the wonderful advance in city improvements within the past five years, and that we endorse the progressive policy adopted by the Republican city administration. We favor the grading and paving of streets and the laying of sewers as rapidly as these improvements are called for by a majority of property owners along said streets. We are in favor of the improvement and maintenance of public parks, and endorse the administration of the present park commission; and we favor the return of the management of our park system to the city government as soon as a proper amendment can be secured by the Legislature requiring appointments of park commissioners to be made on a non-partisan basis.

Resolved, that we support the existing system of high license and the regulation of the liquor traffic on lines of safety to the entire community, as heretofore endorsed by a majority of the people of Los Angeles and enforced under Republican administration.

This is terse, outspoken and vigorous. It declares a definite policy in municipal affairs, and we believe the Republican candidates are in hearty sympathy with it.

Contrast this with the platform of the Democratic party, which snarles at public expenditures and demands retrenchment, irrespective of the city's requirements; which denounces street improvements as a confiscation of private property; which says not one word as to the regulation of the liquor traffic, and which means, if it means anything, a complete return to old-time Democratic methods. It means that, if the Democratic party is successful, the police department will be dominated by politics, as formerly; that political intrigue will work its way into every department of the city government.

We think that a large majority of the public-spirited and enterprising citizens of Los Angeles do not desire any such change. It is all right to retrench expenses, but we must do so without crippling the public service. This the Republican party is desirous of doing, and so declares in the platform above quoted. Let nobody delude himself with the idea that the Democrats are the only ones who want to economize. Give us a Republican administration and Los Angeles will keep right along, in her course of development and prosperity without a break or a boggle.

J. Q. Tufts.

The Republican candidate for Mayor deserves the confidence, the good will and the support of the members of his party and of citizens irrespective of party. Why? Because he is a man of character, integrity, business and legislative experience, and close acquaintance with the condition and the needs of the city. He is a man of affairs, with a recognized standing in the business community. He has lived long enough in Los Angeles to be thoroughly identified with her interests, and not so long as to have become a reactionist or a silurian. This city is his home, and he has intelligently served in the City Council. With her destiny his fortunes and his faith are inseparably bound up. He is an enlightened man; a progressive yet a conservative man; a safe business man; and he will make a competent, clear-headed, firm-handed executive, of whom our people—we pledge it—will be proud.

Mr. Tufts is a level-headed, well-balanced citizen, without cranks, crooks, quirks or quackeries of any sort. He may be relied upon to do the right thing at all times, and to do it in the right way—neither to fall short of his duty on the one hand nor to overdo it on the other.

We say, without qualification, that the best interests of the city of Los Angeles require the election to the chief magistracy of John Q. Tufts and the entire Republican ticket.

And we say further, in order to prove how little the mere partisan feature of this contest influences THE TIMES, that when these men shall have been elected to the various offices for which they have been nominated, if they fall short of the just requirements which the people will have a right to exact from them, then we will be the first to expose and denounce them.

Yet, in the face of this determination on our part, we pledge the Republican nominees in advance to an official course deserving of the plaudits of the people when their work shall have been completed.

An Important Point Overlooked.

It has been only a little time since our Democratic contemporary, the Herald, was shouting itself black in the face about the iniquitous steel perpetrated upon the county in the furnishing of the new Courthouse. We would now like to rise and remark that if there was anything crooked about that contract it must have been devised at the time the contract was awarded. A reference to the minutes of the Board of Supervisors shows that the contract with the Los Angeles Furniture Company for the furnishing of the Court house was let December 29, 1890, and that one of the members of the Board of Supervisors who was present and joined in the unanimous affirmative vote was Thomas E. Rowan, chairman.

Mr. Rowan now happens to be the Democratic candidate for Mayor of Los Angeles. But, somehow, the Herald has never thought it worth while to trace back any measure of the responsibility for that "iniquitous steel" to

him and attack him for it. Strange, isn't it? Possibly in the hurry-burly of this exciting municipal campaign our neighbor has overlooked this very important point, and when its memory is jogged and it realizes that its candidate for Mayor is tarred with the same stick that it has used to besear the monstrous "Courthouse ring," it will immediately renounce its allegiance to him. A public journal which thinks anything of its reputation for consistency and integrity cannot alternately blow hot and blow cold on the same proposition. If a certain transaction is a fraud and a steal, then the men who consummated it are not honest. And if a Republican who participated in it is to be attacked, why not a Democrat as well?

The fact is that Mr. Rowan voted for the award of contract on the 29th of December, and on the 31st—two days later—he went out of office. Now, a newspaper that has been a detective insight as our Democratic neighbor ought to see that this circumstance in itself is suspicious. Why did the old board hurry up to let this larger contract just two days before the personnel and politics of the board were to be changed?

We feel that our contemporary would hardly be doing justice to its cause and sustaining its Spartan strain of honesty if it should fail to note these points, and place a part of the responsibility where it properly belongs—at the feet of Mr. Rowan. If the Herald would come out flatly and expose its candidate for Mayor and denounce him, it would be pretty sure to accomplish his defeat. And thus it would show that its love of honesty and uprightness is not of the faintest kind, and it would further have the satisfaction of downing another member of that infamous "Courthouse ring."

City Attorney McFarland.

The Democratic campaigners seem to be focusing their fire on Charles McFarland, the present City Attorney and Republican candidate for reelection. Well, we know of nobody on the Republican ticket who is better prepared to stand the brunt of the Democratic onslaught. He has made an honest and efficient public official; has saved the city thousands of dollars by standing out for the public interests instead of complacently falling in with the schemes of individuals and corporations; and has won every important suit of the city that has been pressed to a conclusion. He still has several important cases pending before the Supreme Court, one of which is that to determine the rights of the City Water Company in its Crystal Springs supply. The city cannot afford to lose that suit, and Mr. McFarland is just the man to follow it to the end. He has never been accused, even by his enemies, of susceptibility to corporate influence, and surely his course while in office would render such an accusation ridiculous. He is the man to keep at the head of the city's legal department. We are in the middle of a stream of litigation, and it would be the worst kind of policy to swap attorneys.

Wait until the Fat Man with the Fish Pole takes his seat. He will be able to give every football team in the country pointers on kickers.

AMUSEMENTS.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

GRAND OPERAHOUSE.—Local musicians seem to have gone opera-mad this season and are bent on trying their powers behind the footlights. And now the epidemic has reached social circles, and society people propose to entertain the public in this manner also. This may be all right for society, but it is not so for the opera house. The first entertainment of the Amateur Opera Club occurred last night at the Grand Opera house, and notwithstanding the rain, the 400 turned out in their best evening dress and crowded the house from top to bottom. A part of the program, tied with extravagantly long ends of satin ribbon obstructed the view of the unhappy individuals in the first row of the parquette. The hedge of flowers terminated in a pyramid at one end, and the occupants of the adjacent box had to crane their necks to see the actors. As the entertainment progressed the legion of bouquets gradually disappeared into the hands of the players.

Part I was the opera *A Dora Rehearsal*, and was presented by a score or so of young ladies. It was a boarding-school scene, and the girls were rehearsing for a performance to be given at the close of the term. As representatives of the bread-and-butter, gum-chewing, giggling school-girls, the characters were well taken. The scene of eight little girls in sparkling fairy-ballet costumes, who fluttered in and executed a graceful dance while "Cinderella" was sleeping by the improvised fireplace, made a pretty picture.

The opera was a bit of nonsense was quite up to the keen enjoyment of school children, but seemed a trifle tame to grown people. Of course the participants make no special claim to dramatic or musical talents, so no criticism on this point nor on it worth while.

Part II was the prison scene from *Il Trovatore*, and was of a vastly higher order than part I. The parts of "Leonora" and "Manrico" were assumed by Mrs. A. Fregar and Dr. T. J. Fregar, and grand chorus made a fine musical background.

Part III was the first scene in the second act of *Carmen*, with the following cast: Carmen, a cigarette girl, Miss B. Galkins Frasnquita; Don Jose, a soldier, Miss C. Mercedes; Escamillo, a bull-fighter, Miss C. Hammet Peplita; Don Jose's mother, Mrs. E. Galkins; A Captain, Mr. P. Chipron; A Brigadier, Mr. R. Richardson; A Toreador, Jacob Mueller.

Jacob Mueller, the baritone, was the leading star in this bit of opera, and put a touch of the master into his work.

The Amateur Opera Club is under the direction of Mrs. Fabbri-Mueller, with Prof. A. Willmarth as conductor, and Prof. H. Kramer, ballet master. The club is organized on the plan of amateur musicians, and proposes to give occasional entertainments.

A Serious Offense.

(Puck.)

Justice (in surprise). What's the charge, officer?

McGlashy (new member of the force). Per resistin' an officer, yer honor. I trose to 'fist wild her all the way from Twenty-second street down to Union Square 'til she resisted me every attention.

Justice (in surprise). What's the charge, officer?

McGlashy (new member of the force). Per resistin' an officer, yer honor. I trose to 'fist wild her all the way from Twenty-second street down to Union Square 'til she resisted me every attention.

SEWERS--SIPHONS.

The Plans of the City Engineer Overhauled.

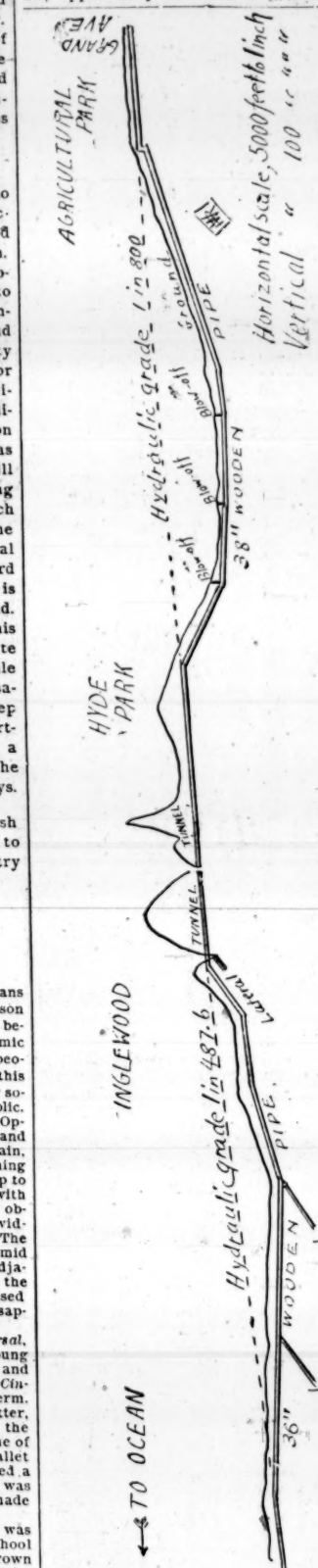
Engineer Brooks Expounds the Situation and Defends Himself.

A Diagram of the Outfall Sewer and Its Siphonic Sinuosities.

The City Engineer's Plans Ripped Up the Middle and the Race-track Siphons Condemned.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 1, 1892.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] I beg to draw the attention of voters at the coming city election, through your widely-circulated paper, to the conduct of City Engineer Dockweiler in removing certain records supposed to remain on file in the City Attorney's office and parading the same about the city for the purpose of misrepresentation and deception.

I was invited to give expert testimony last May, in Judge Van Dyke's court, in the suit of the city vs. D. Freeman, which evidence had no reference whatsoever to any part of the outfall sewer project northeast of Mr. Freeman's land; and especially to the proposed inverted siphon near the race course, the design for which I had not then seen, or had any opportunity of examining, until a



Part profile of the outfall sewer, showing the inverted siphon.

later date. Mr. Dockweiler, however, informed me that it was similar in all respects to that of No. 2 on Mr. Freeman's land, a diagram for which was on exhibition in the court, and a chaotic, unfinished pencil drawing (sic) in the City Engineer's office. No detailed drawings for any part of this work had at that date been put in hand, and the specifications sanctioned in the month of July following had then no existence. So far, the general design of that part of the outfall sewer, then under consideration, seemed quite satisfactory. The inverted siphon in Mr. Freeman's land was to be provided with laterals, through which any sedimentary matter could be sluiced out as fast as it formed; and, by falling back on these, during any partial failure in the water supply, that siphon would be in no danger of choking. The proposed sand-trap to be prefixed to that siphon, and which had nothing to do with the famous "settling basin" at the race course, was merely to conciliate Mr. Freeman, and, as I pointed out to Mr. Dockweiler, was entirely unnecessary. It was afterward abandoned. Mr. Dockweiler had assured me most positively that there would be abundance of water, and as the siphon would have a velocity of over five feet per second, it was practically unobjectionable. But, after the suit herein referred to had been concluded, Mr. Dockweiler, finding serious errors in the levels, which had been only roughly and hastily taken, commenced to change and modify the entire project. The alignment was materially changed. Siphon No. 1, at the race course, was tilted up at the wrong angle, and its hydraulic grade changed from 1 in 605 to a flatter grade of 1 in 800. Simultaneously the grade of siphon No. 2 was modified by changing it from 1 in 605 to 1 in 487.6, and the lateral outfalls, upon which the usefulness of this siphon entirely depended, were practically dispensed

with by limiting their length to one and a half miles each, without provision for any outlets! At the same time the race-course siphon, instead of being the lateral similar to the plan shown to me, was provided with a silly arrangement of blow-offs from the tops of manholes! and other unique devices which would be highly amusing if the matter were not so very serious. Your readers are referred to Mr. Dockweiler's evidence in the same suit of the city vs. D. Freeman for his description of a manhole cover with springs! I naturally felt annoyed that I had been imposed upon, and made to appear to endorse a project which cannot fail to bring ridicule and discredit upon everybody connected with it, and as early as June last commenced to urge Messrs. Dockweiler and Flynn to eliminate the objectionable features of these siphons. This gave offense, and I was curtly informed that if I knew any better way of building the outfall sewer, I was at liberty to get the City Council to adopt it.

Now, Mr. Editor, is it right or fair of Mr. Dockweiler to try to make the public believe that my evidence, before referred to, was intended to endorse and support points about this outfall sewer which I never did, and never could have approved?

Above is a profile drawn to scale of that part of the outfall sewer which embraces the inverted siphons. It will be noted that by raising the bed of No. 2 siphon at its lowest point about six feet, and depressing the end of the siphon the same distance, the siphon principle disappears, and it will act as a common drain. The racecourse siphon, however, cannot be so understood, and must come out entirely at the surface. Mr. Dockweiler has secured a small temporary water supply which he expects will remove all difficulties, but I have no hesitation in stating that even with 500 cubic feet per second, the design for this outfall sewer, as it now stands, has no chance to result in anything else than a miserable and sickening failure.

F. G. BROOKS, Civil and Hydraulic Engineer.

[We have carefully examined his credentials and find that Mr. Brooks is not a "scrub" engineer as described by Mr. Dockweiler, but on the contrary is, as certified by the government of Bengal, India, "an engineer of great experience, a thoroughly practical officer, and having a thorough knowledge of all hydraulic works." He is described by two eminent hydraulic engineers of the city of Chicago "as being faithful and competent in his work, standing high in his profession, and otherwise having a good record." He had twenty years' experience in India, of which twelve and one-half years were in designing and carrying out some of the most extensive hydraulic work in that country.—ED. TIMES.]

WHAT MR. BROOKS TESTIFIED TO.

Transcript from the Official Record in the Case of the City vs. Freeman.

In the case of "The City of Los Angeles vs. Daniel Freeman et al.," F. C. Brooks, being called for the plaintiff and sworn, testified as follows:

Q. What is your occupation, Mr. Brooks? A. Civil, sanitary and hydraulic engineer.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

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Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

Q. How long have you been such a? A. Over thirty years.

POINTS IN MILLINERY.

Special Correspondence of THE TIMES.
NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Dear ladies, you may see in this picture a capote for a young woman. This is made in biege-colored velvet; the crown is of dull brown spangles, embroidered on crape. A double roll on velvet is twisted



around the edge. The feathers in front are in the form of antennae, and pins in the Egyptian style are fastened here and there in the velvet.

Let me caution women who make their own millinery, not to attempt too much. Don't fancy, for instance, that you can accomplish the Prince of Wales feathers now seen on hats, by fastening two feathers back to back and sticking them upright on your bonnet. They won't look a bit like it. Cause why? The Prince of Wales feather is a very different cut from the old-fashioned feather. Fashion is invented to sell new things, not to use old ones. It is only the very smart woman who can get the best of fashion by adjusting her old things to the new requirements, and the Prince of Wales feather is one of the things she has to give up on. This feather is very thick. It is stiff to the very tip, and then the tip hangs loose. It is not wide in the curve, you know. It hangs by itself in a curve, the which your old feather won't. Also, the feather is very narrow at the base and widens at the tip, and it is almost straight across at the tip. This just reverses the old cut of feathers. They used to be wide at the stem and narrow to a pretty point. You see now why your old feathers won't look right when you try to pretend Prince of Wales with them. You will have to buy them ready made. FLORETTE.

EASTERN EXCURSIONISTS.

Arrival of Another Large Party Over the Santa Fe.

The following excursion party arrived from the East yesterday, over the Santa Fe, in charge of Agent Thomas F. Moses:

Thomas Sullivan, Boston; Mrs. A. S. Burton, Bangor; Mrs. Ryan and family, Chicago; M. O. Loker, Bath; F. Connel and family, Boston; H. P. Duckworth, Lowell; H. H. Harkel and family, Bangor; Mrs. F. A. Higgins, Bangor; J. H. Hunt and wife, Toronto; S. L. Bill and wife, Lewiston; Mrs. M. Baskirk, Lawrence; J. F. McMur-ray and wife, Portland; D. P. Norris, Port Jarvis; W. Friend, London; H. A. Fowler, Pittsburgh; H. Hays, Grand Rapids; W. M. Kelly and sister, Watertown; J. W. Cox, Philadelphia; W. C. McDonald and wife, P. Yurmis, Chicago; S. Beckett and family, London; H. Lodge, Saginaw; J. W. West, London; Miss O. Mason, Toledo; W. H. Lyford and wife, Greene, Conn.; Mrs. J. H. Hutton and son, Auburn; Mrs. S. H. Carleton, Bangor; A. Allen, Denver; Miss K. Ryan, St. Louis; B. H. Otes and daughter, Joplin; J. Mal-lory, St. Louis; A. F. Meese and party of twenty-eight from Boston.

Southern California Fruit-growers.

South session of the Southern California Fruit-growers' Union was

THE COURTS.

Sentence Finally Passed Upon the Chinese Murderer.

Wong Ark Given Ten Years in Folsom Prison.

A Water Rights Suit on Trial Before Judge Van Dyke.

Robert Williams, the Burglar, Given a Long Term in State Prison—Pomona Seduction Case—General Court Notes—New Suit.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning Wong Ark, who was recently convicted of manslaughter upon his third trial, appeared before Judge McKinley in Department Six, to receive sentence.

His attorney, James M. Damron, Esq., however, moved the Court to grant the defendant another new trial upon the grounds that the Court had erred in its decision of questions of law arising during the course of the trial, that the jury had been misdirected on matters of law, and that the verdict was contrary to law and the evidence. The motion was denied by Judge McKinley after argument thereon, and the defendant's counsel thereupon presented a motion in arrest of judgment upon the ground that the information was insufficient in that it did not conform to the provisions of the law, but this was also denied. After the trial on Monday last, had been disposed of, Judge McKinley sentenced Wong Ark to imprisonment in the State prison at Folsom for the term of ten years.

No notice of appeal was given, and in view of the fact that the defendant very narrowly escaped imprisonment for life, it is probable that he will accept his present fate in preference to trusting himself to the tender mercies of another jury.

SUIT OVER WATER RIGHTS.
The trial of the case of J. A. Graves et ux. vs. C. F. Bean, an action to enjoin defendant from entering upon plaintiffs' land and interfering with certain water rights, was commenced before Judge Van Dyke in Department Four yesterday, Messrs. O'Melveny and Shanklin appearing for the plaintiffs and Sheldon Borden, Esq., representing the defendant.

From the pleadings it was learned that Mrs. Alice H. Graves, one of the plaintiffs, is the owner of two tracts of land at San Gabriel, one of which contains thirty acres and the other ten acres, separated only by a road. The plaintiffs allege in their complaint that defendant threatens to enter upon both of these tracts, although he has no right to do so, and to construct a zanja across said roadway and build a sand-box in the larger tract. That in order to do so he would tear down one of the walls of a reservoir, which contains 1,250,000 gallons of water, used for irrigating purposes, and would do irreparable damage to the property. They therefore seek to obtain a perpetual injunction to restrain him from doing any of the acts recited.

The defendant, on the other hand, alleges in his answer, that on February 7, 1873, George Stoneman, the common grantor of the parties to this action, who was the owner of a large tract of land known as the Stoneman Ranch, sold the thirty-acre tract to John H. Griffith, but before doing so he constructed a zanja across it for irrigating purposes. He subsequently sold a tract of eighteen acres, adjoining it, to H. D. Barrows and W. C. Furrey, defendant's grantors, together with certain water rights appurtenant thereto. That in 1875, Griffith, Barrows and Furrey, by mutual consent, laid a line of 11-inch water pipe in lieu of said ditch, and constructed a sand-box in the thirty-acre tract. That on December 10, 1889, plaintiff bought the ten-acre tract, and on August 20, 1890, they proceeded to plow up the ditch, tear up the sand-box, and disconnect said pipe, 2 1/2 feet of which they appropriated to their own use, thereby depriving him of his water rights. He therefore asks that the temporary injunction already issued be dissolved so that he may proceed to assert his rights in the premises.

During the day's session only two witnesses, viz.: J. A. Graves and Mrs. M. O. H. Stoneman, were examined for the plaintiff, and at the close of their testimony the matter went over until this morning.

FIVE YEARS IN SAN QUENTIN.
Robert Williams appeared before Judge Smith yesterday, without counsel, for arraignment upon two charges of burglary preferred against him, and, after waiving all his legal rights in the premises, entered his plea of guilty in each instance, and the Court, after hearing evidence for the purpose of determining the nature of the offenses, convicted the defendant of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced him to imprisonment at San Quentin penitentiary for three years for the first offense and two more for the second, making a total of five years. Williams was charged with having, on September 1 last, broken into J. W. Schnitzer's house on South Main street, and on October 23 entered the residence of J. W. Clark, at Pico Heights.

Court Notes.

In the United States Circuit Court yesterday the trial of the case of Richard Gird vs. the California Oil Company, an action to determine conflicting claims to certain mineral lands in the Sespe district, was concluded, the matter being argued and submitted to Judge Ross for decision.

The trial of the case of Jesse W. Lillenthal of New York vs. the Southern California Railway Company, an action in ejectment to recover possession of 51.55 acres of land in the NW 1/4 of sec. 6, T. 9 S., R. 1 W., and \$5000 damages, was commenced before Judge Ross in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, but at the close of plaintiff's testimony went over until this morning. The defendant disclaims all interest except as to twenty acres of the tract in controversy, to which it claims title under the act of Congress of March 3, 1875.

Proceedings have been instituted by J. H. Gifford to obtain a divorce from his wife, Mary R. D. Gifford, upon various statutory grounds.

Upon motion of F. S. Adams, Esq., counsel for the defendant, Claude H. Hill was allowed until December 9 by Judge Smith yesterday morning in which to plead to the two charges of embezzlement preferred against him by Robert C. Brinkley.

Thomas R. Kogis appeared before Judge Smith yesterday morning to plead to the charge of having seduced a young woman under promise of marriage at Pomona. Before doing so, however, his attorney, Ira Moore, Jr., Esq., moved the Court to set aside the information on the ground that the offense had been committed in Orange county, but the motion was denied, and a demurrer be-

ing then presented was overruled, whereupon the defendant entered his plea of not guilty, and the case was set for trial on December 20 next.

The defendant in the case of Mrs. Margaret Wilson vs. the California Central Railway Company, was granted thirty days' additional time by Judge Clark yesterday in which to prepare its statement on motion for a new trial therein, and the defendant in that of the Southern California National Bank vs. E. W. Reid was allowed ten days' further time in which to answer.

The case of B. S. Hays vs. S. S. Watson et al., an action to recover the sum of \$1203.88, due upon two notes, came up for hearing before Judge Wade yesterday, and the defendants having allowed the matter to go by default, a decree was ordered for plaintiff as prayed.

The trial of the case of W. M. Bristol vs. F. B. Alderson, an action to quiet title to certain water rights at Camarillo, was resumed before Judge Wade yesterday and will be taken up again this morning.

Upon motion of the defendant and by consent the case of the Los Angeles Pressed Brick and Terra Cotta Company vs. the Main and Tenth Street Hotel Company, which had been set for trial in Department Three yesterday was continued for the session, and in that of the People vs. the Pacific Railway Company the defendant was granted ten days' additional time by Judge Wade in which to file its briefs on demurrer therein.

Pursuant to stipulation therein filed it was ordered by Judge Van Dyke yesterday morning that the order made in the divorce case of Mrs. Mattie C. Dodson vs. S. S. Dodson on Monday last, overruling the demurrer, be vacated and that the demurrer be restored to the calendar.

The trial of the case of W. McGough vs. the Stearns Manufacturing Company et al. was resumed in Department Four yesterday, but came to abrupt conclusion, as Judge Van Dyke, at the close of the plaintiff's testimony, granted the defendant's motion for judgment of nonsuit.

When the case of Felix Viole vs. W. H. Bonnell et al., an action to recover damages alleged false imprisonment, was called for trial in Department Six yesterday morning no one appeared for either party, whereupon Judge McKinley ordered that the action be dismissed.

David Beasley, the boy who has three times been arrested upon charges of burglary only to be discharged for want of evidence, was yesterday discharged by Justice Stanton, there being no evidence to connect him with the theft in question.

In the Township Court yesterday, Justice Stanton commenced a preliminary examination into the case against Robert McKinley, charged with having assaulted a Mexican with a deadly weapon at the Original Vienna, Bazaar on Requena street, but continued the matter until today.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

A. H. Lefever et ux. vs. Uri Embury et al., suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$1527.31.

F. X. Linck vs. Evade G. Conroy et al., suit to foreclose a mechanic's lien for \$516.18.

Petition of Charles W. Lane for admission to probate of the will of Emily H. Lane, deceased, who died on November 30, leaving real and personal property valued at \$580.

Today's Calendar.
DEPARTMENT ONE—Judge Smith, Clear.

DEPARTMENT TWO—Judge Clark, Estate of T. J. Olivares, deceased; citation.

Estate of I. M. Hellman, deceased; account.

Estate of A. H. Denker, deceased; will.

Estate of Albert Rowland, deceased; citation.

F. W. Braun et al. vs. J. J. Buchler et al.; attachment.

DEPARTMENT THREE—Judge Wade, Will of Bristol vs. F. B. Alderson; on trial.

Will Boehme vs. E. D. Gibson; for possession.

Lorain Crosby vs. Will Shoulder; attachment.

DEPARTMENT FOUR—Judge Van Dyke, J. A. Graves et ux. vs. C. F. Bean; on trial.

DEPARTMENT FIVE—Judge Shaw, In re Insolvency of L. M. Wagner; citation.

DEPARTMENT SIX—Judge McKinley, Clear.

FOR EVERY variety and phase of the many diseases which attack the air passages of the head, throat and lungs, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will be found a specific. This preparation allays inflammation, controls the disposition to cough, and prevents consumption.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.
The Dominguez Shooting Club have leased the exclusive privilege of shooting on the waters and borders of Dominguez Lake and Nigger Slough. Gamekeepers have been appointed and trespassers will be dealt with to the full extent of the law.

SAUERKRAUT, German Salt Pickles, Smoked Salmon, Lake Superior White Fish, Roquefort Cheese, Fresh Ground Horseradish, Boiled Ham, Stephens' Market. Telephone 734.

INSTANTANEOUS Chocolate at H. Jevns

IN THE MOST EXCRUCIATING PAIN has been alleviated and CURED by use of ST. JACOBS OIL

P. & P. KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY CHAUMONT TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY BERTHOLD TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY FONTAINE TRADE P. & P. MARK

Winter Season

Hotel del Coronado
America's Peerless Seaside Resort.

As a winter resort it is without a rival. Its glorious climate, superior bathing facilities, with its many other sports and amusements, combined with every home comfort, make this hotel in all respects the most desirable.

THE NEW SALT WATER Under a glass roof, are the finest and most elegant in California, having large, sunny rooms and every convenience.

TACHED, constant streams of hot and cold salt water flowing into the tanks.

SWIMMING TANKS

SURF BATHING On a hard, sandy beach, with more regular breakers and water ten degrees warmer than at Santa Cruz and no under.

ROUND-TRIP TICKETS From Los Angeles, Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Colton, Riverside, Redlands, Orange, Anaheim and Santa Ana, all \$24.00, including one week's board in \$3.00 or \$5.00 room.

T. D. YEOMANS, Agent, Los Angeles, 129 N. Spring St. Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring St., or at First-St. Depot; at all other points. Local R. R. Agents.

Pacific Mail Steamers call four times monthly, and tourists can go east via San Francisco or Panama.

E. S. BARCOCK, Manager Hotel del Coronado.



Our Sole Idea

In selling our correct shape shoes for \$3.00 to insure you complete feet. If you breathe a sigh of relief when you take off a shoe you made a mistake when you put it on, and you made a bigger mistake when you bought it at all. We have another idea about this particular shoe—we want to insure you not only against discomfort, but also against any greater expenditure than you can be legitimately asked to make. What you spend for this shoe you will spend in a good cause. You will be buying what will

Look Well, Fit Well and Wear Well, and so far from paying too much for it, your outlay will be smaller than an unsatisfactory shoe would cost you.

We are headquarters for Rubber Goods.

MIAMI SHOE HOUSE, 315-317 South Spring Street. Between Third and Fourth sts. The largest exclusive shoe house in Southern California.

Carpets and Curtains!

WE KEEP

In large variety, and can supply you on better terms than anybody else can. This is not an idle assertion, but based upon what we have accomplished and what we have in stock. Come in and see the splendid values in carpets that we are now offering. We are prepared to offer special inducements in Draperies, and you will honor us with an early call. See our show window in Draperies.

WM. S. ALLEN, 332-334 S. SPRING-ST.

DROP IT

MORE MONEY can be made in raising Chickens than in any other business for the capital invested. A beautifully illustrated catalogue of incubators and all kinds of chicken fixtures for sale. Write for Man's Don't Cut. Necessary Clover Cutter, and everything required by poultry raisers.

Petaluma Incubator Co., Petaluma, Cal.

ORANGE & LEMON LANDS

Arlington Heights, Riverside, Cal.

These excellent lands are offered at low prices, considering that they are in the midst of the most famous orange region in the world. Are under the Gage Canal System and have an abundance of water, which is sold outright with the land. Send for descriptive pamphlet.

The Riverside Trust Co., (Limited.)

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Ligner Habit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the slightest danger. It is a powerful, harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

GOLDEN SPECIFIC Dr. Haines' Golden Specific. 50-page book of particulars free. To be had of H. G. Haines, F. W. Braun & Co., Los Angeles, Cal.

S. AKITA

Bamboo Goods, Wholesale and Retail. Special Designs Made to Order. 404 S. SPRING-ST. Los Angeles, Cal.



A-DEAD-MAN

Can drift down a stream, but it takes live men to run a first-class clothing establishment. We consider ourselves very much alive, alive to the interest of our patrons, alive to the fact that Right and Popular Prices, coupled with choice selected goods have made our store popular with the public. Only a few weeks more and some one of our patrons will own the Kentucky horse we are giving to our patrons, and some lucky boy will own "Billy," the beautiful Shetland pony.

We are giving big values in all Departments—Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, White Shirts, Silk Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Men's Hats, Boys' Hats, Men's Clothing, Boys' Clothing. Let us replenish your wardrobe.

London Clothing Co.

Headquarters for Overcoats

Corner Spring and Temple-sts.

CRISTAL PALACE!

138, 140, 142 S. Main-st.

WE CARRY THE LARGEST AND FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

Artistic Gas, Incandescent and Combination Fixtures.

Matlock & Reed, Auctioneers.

Office, 129 1/2 S. Spring St.

Matlock & Reed, Real Estate & General Auctioneers, will sell Saturday, December 3, 10 a.m., at 131 South Broadway (at the Wigwam), and continuing every Saturday thereafter, Horses, Wagons, Buggies, Milch Cows, Harness, Farming Implements, etc., etc.

We kindly call the attention of the public that we are permanently located at the above place as a "Live Stock" Sales Yard. Every Saturday, at 10 a.m., parties wishing anything in this line that they wish to sell, will please list it on or before 10 a.m. of day of sale.

Matlock & Reed, Auctioneers.

Office, 129 1/2 S. Spring St.

Ad. Frese & Co. MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS, 509 S. Spring-st., bet. 5th and 6th, Los Angeles, Cal. We make and repair any kind of instruments in the optical and mathematical line. Microscopes and other instruments for schools and colleges a specialty. We also fit and grind weak and defective eyes under guarantee.

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J. T. Sheward

113 & 115 N. Spring St.

THE linen man says he never saw anything to equal a line of new German Linen Damask that came in yesterday; they measure full 66 inches wide and are offered at 65c a yard. Napkins to match, full three-fourths size, for \$1.50 a dozen. New linen Huck Towels, extra heavy, extra fine, extra quality; we emphasize every word of this; they are to be sold for 25c each. Ask for the special bargains in towels when you visit the linen counter today and these goods will be shown you. There is a snowy whiteness about these towels that make them extra desirable; it makes our drinking water look a little off in color by the side of them. Cake Doylies, Irish linen and hemstitched for 15c each; the price seems low enough and the quality is very fine; Mexican drawn work in the corners; don't you think they are cheap? We never knew how nice the Linen Department could be made until after the new linen room was added. It is the most attractive nook in the store, and store attractions all over the house have been carefully looked after. If we say too much about linens we may neglect the other big department.

Cloaks for an example—an advertisement would not be complete without a word or so about the Cloak Department. Heavy sales, the largest ever made in this city in cloaks is the story we can tell you of cloak sales during the month of November. Cloak sales have reached big figures during the month just passed. Cloaks, and nice ones, for \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00; better ones still higher; all have good styles and are perfect fitting in every way. Zephyrs, 5c a lap.

Mr. Williamson has just stepped into the office and says, "Now, Mr. Sheward, can't you say something about those new Bureau Scarfs at \$1.50 each?" We informed him we could not; so we will pass the Satin Damask Hemstitched Bureau Scarfs over for another day, and we only say this much to say something about the Linen Department. You will find a window full of linens; a big pile of towels on one side of the door, a big pile of crashes on another side. You will find 60 feet of counter room devoted to linens, and the only linen room west of Chicago to display nice goods in. Can't say any more about linens today. Kid Gloves, P. & P., at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00. Best Zephyrs again, 5c a lap, and this laps the story.

THE UNSOLD STOCK

—OF—

Hats AND Men's Furnishing Goods,

—OF—

John W. Hall.

Has been removed to the Times Building, where it will be sold in lots to suit, or exchanged as a whole for city or country real estate.

TEA TABLES

Parlor Tables, Hall Tables, Library Tables, Bedroom Tables, Dining-room Tables,

In All Sizes and Designs!

In the greatest variety, from the cheapest to the very finest made. See them and our many novelties.

The Largest Assortment Ever Shown Here!

Furniture

Carpetings, Rugs, Lace Curtains, DRAPERIES.

Los Angeles Furniture Co.,

225-227-229 S. Broadway, Opposite City Hall.

Christmas Presents.

SECOND ANNUAL

Holiday ★ Prizes!

To every purchaser of shoes of \$2.50 and upward, THE QUEEN SHOE STORE, 102-104 N. Main-st., will give free of charge a beautiful Christmas doll. Distribution of prizes will commence on and after Friday, November 25. The shoes from The Queen have a reputation for wear, style and fit, and are sold at the very lowest living prices. Inspection invited. See show window.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.

Photographic materials of all kinds. Detective, View and Kodak cameras; amateur outfits at Eastern prices. Developing, printing and finishing for amateurs. Orders filled promptly. Send for catalogue.

DEWEY BROS. & CO.

147 S. MAIN ST. LOS ANGELES, CAL.

BAILEY & BARKER,

326-330 South Main Street.

Have the Largest Line of PORTIERS in the City. Many of which They will Sell at Cost; Many Below Cost.

Look at Them. ★ See Show Window.

—ALSO A FULL LINE OF—

Furniture and Carpets.

